

## REVISED CODEX STANDARD FOR PAPAYA

### CODEX STAN 183-1993, Rev. 1-2001

#### 1. DEFINITION OF PRODUCE

This Standard applies to fruits of commercial varieties of papayas grown from *Carica papaya* L. of the *Caricaceae* family, to be supplied fresh to the consumer, after preparation and packaging. Papayas for industrial processing are excluded.<sup>1</sup>

#### 2. PROVISIONS CONCERNING QUALITY

##### 2.1 MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

In all classes, subject to the special provisions for each class and the tolerances allowed, the papayas must be:

- whole;
- fresh in appearance;
- firm;
- sound, produce affected by rotting or deterioration such as to make it unfit for consumption is excluded;
- clean, practically free of any visible foreign matter;
- practically free of pests affecting the general appearance of the produce;
- practically free of damage caused by pests;
- practically free of damage caused by low and/or high temperature;
- free of abnormal external moisture, excluding condensation following removal from cold storage;
- free of any foreign smell and/or taste.<sup>2</sup>

The peduncle, if present, should not exceed a length of 1 cm.

2.1.1 The papayas must have been carefully picked and have reached an appropriate degree of development and ripeness, account being taken of the characteristics of the variety and/or commercial type and to the area in which they are grown.

The development and condition of the papayas must be such as to enable them:

- to withstand transport and handling, and
- to arrive in satisfactory condition at the place of destination.

##### 2.2 CLASSIFICATION

Papayas are classified in three classes defined below:

###### 2.2.1 "Extra" Class

Papayas in this class must be of superior quality. They must be characteristic of the variety and/or commercial type. They must be free of defects, with the exception of very slight superficial defects, provided these do not affect the general appearance of the produce, the quality, the keeping quality and presentation in the package.

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<sup>1</sup> Governments, when indicating the acceptance of the Codex Standard for Papaya, should notify the Commission which provisions of the Standard would be accepted for application at the point of import, and which provisions would be accepted for application at the point of export.

<sup>2</sup> This provision allows for smell caused by conservation agents used in compliance with corresponding regulations.

### 2.2.2 Class I

Papayas in this class must be of good quality. They must be characteristic of the variety and/or commercial type. The following slight defects, however, may be allowed, provided these do not affect the general appearance of the produce, the quality, the keeping quality and presentation in the package:

- slight defects in shape;
- slight skin defects (i.e., mechanical bruising, sun spots and/or latex burns). The total area affected shall not exceed 10% of the total surface.

The defects must not, in any case, affect the pulp of the fruit.

### 2.2.3 Class II

This class includes papayas which do not qualify for inclusion in the higher classes, but satisfy the minimum requirements specified in Section 2.1 above. The following defects may be allowed, provided the papayas retain their essential characteristics as regards the quality, the keeping quality and presentation:

- defects in shape;
- defects in colouring;
- skin defects (i.e., mechanical bruising, sun spots and latex burns). The total area affected should not exceed 15% of the total surface;
- slight marks caused by pests.

The defects must not, in any case, affect the pulp of the fruit.

## 3. PROVISIONS CONCERNING SIZING

Size is determined by the weight of the fruit with a minimum weight of 200 g, in accordance with the following table:

Size Code	Weight (in grams)
A	200 – 300
B	301 – 400
C	401 – 500
D	501 – 600
E	601 – 700
F	701 – 800
G	801 – 1100
H	1101 – 1500
I	1501 – 2000
J	> 2001

## 4. PROVISIONS CONCERNING TOLERANCES

Tolerances in respect of quality and size shall be allowed in each package (or in each lot for produce presented in bulk) for produce not satisfying the requirements of the class indicated.

## **4.1 QUALITY TOLERANCES**

### **4.1.1 "Extra" Class**

Five percent by number or weight of papayas not satisfying the requirements of the class, but meeting those of Class I or, exceptionally, coming within the tolerances of that class.

### **4.1.2 Class I**

Ten percent by number or weight of papayas not satisfying the requirements of the class, but meeting those of Class II or, exceptionally, coming within the tolerances of that class.

### **4.1.3 Class II**

Ten percent by number or weight of papayas satisfying neither the requirements of the class nor the minimum requirements, with the exception of produce affected by rotting or any other deterioration rendering it unfit for consumption.

## **4.2 SIZE TOLERANCES**

For all classes, 10% by number or weight of papayas corresponding to the size immediately above and/or below that indicated on the package, with a minimum of 190 g for those papayas packed in the smallest size range.

## **5. PROVISIONS CONCERNING PRESENTATION**

### **5.1 UNIFORMITY**

The contents of each package (or lot for produce presented in bulk) must be uniform and contain only papayas of the same origin, variety and/or commercial type, quality and size. For "Extra" Class, colour and ripeness should be uniform. The visible part of the contents of the package (or lot for produce presented in bulk) must be representative of the entire contents.

### **5.2 PACKAGING**

Papayas must be packed in such a way as to protect the produce properly. The materials used inside the package must be new,<sup>3</sup> clean, and of a quality such as to avoid causing any external or internal damage to the produce. The use of materials, particularly of paper or stamps bearing trade specifications is allowed, provided the printing or labelling has been done with non-toxic ink or glue.

Papayas shall be packed in each container in compliance with the Recommended International Code of Practice for Packaging and Transport of Tropical Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (CAC/RCP 44-1995).

#### **5.2.1 Description of Containers**

The containers shall meet the quality, hygiene, ventilation and resistance characteristics to ensure suitable handling, shipping and preserving of the papayas. Packages (or lot for produce presented in bulk) must be free of all foreign matter and smell.

## **6. MARKING OR LABELLING**

### **6.1 CONSUMER PACKAGES**

In addition to the requirements of the Codex General Standard for the Labelling of Prepackaged Foods (CODEX STAN 1-1985, Rev. 1-1991), the following specific provisions apply:

#### **6.1.1 Nature of Produce**

If the produce is not visible from the outside, each package shall be labelled as to the name of the produce and may be labelled as to the name of the variety and/or commercial type.

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<sup>3</sup> For the purposes of this Standard, this includes recycled material of food-grade quality.

## 6.2 NON-RETAIL CONTAINERS

Each package must bear the following particulars, in letters grouped on the same side, legibly and indelibly marked, and visible from the outside, or in the documents accompanying the shipment.<sup>4</sup> For produce transported in bulk these particulars must appear on a document accompanying the goods.

### 6.2.1 Identification

Name and address of Exporter, Packer and/or Dispatcher. Identification code (optional).<sup>5</sup>

### 6.2.2 Nature of Produce

Name of produce if the contents are not visible from the outside. Name of variety and/or commercial type.

### 6.2.3 Origin of Produce

Country of origin and, optionally, district where grown or national, regional or local place name.

### 6.2.4 Commercial Identification

- Class;
- Size (size code or average weight in grams);
- Number of units (optional);
- Net weight (optional).

### 6.2.5 Official Inspection Mark (optional)

## 7. CONTAMINANTS

### 7.1 HEAVY METALS

Papayas shall comply with those maximum levels for heavy metals established by the Codex Alimentarius Commission for this commodity.

### 7.2 PESTICIDE RESIDUES

Papayas shall comply with those maximum residue limits established by the Codex Alimentarius Commission for this commodity.

## 8. HYGIENE

8.1 It is recommended that the product covered by the provisions of this Standard be prepared and handled in accordance with the appropriate sections of the Recommended International Code of Practice - General Principles of Food Hygiene (CAC/RCP 1-1969, Rev. 3-1997), and other relevant Codex texts such as Codes of Hygienic Practice and Codes of Practice.

8.2 The product should comply with any microbiological criteria established in accordance with the Principles for the Establishment and Application of Microbiological Criteria for Foods (CAC/GL 21-1997).

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<sup>4</sup> Governments, when indicating their acceptance of this Standard, should notify the Commission as to which provisions of this Section apply.

<sup>5</sup> The national legislation of a number of countries requires the explicit declaration of the name and address. However, in the case where a code mark is used, the reference "packer and/or dispatcher (or equivalent abbreviations)" has to be indicated in close connection with the code mark.